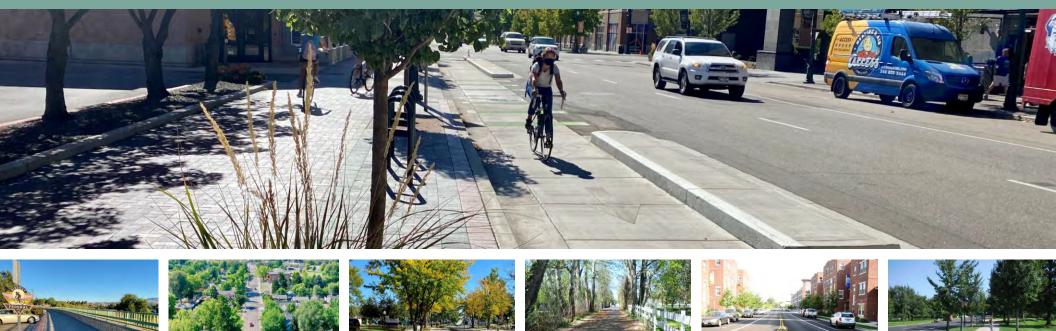
Ada County Highway District



LIVABLE STREETS PERFORMANCE MEASURES



ABOUT ME



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS



ACHD COMMISSION

Kent Goldthorpe, President Dave McKinney, Vice-President Jim D. Hansen, Commissioner Mary May, Commissioner Alexis Pickering, Commissioner

ACHD PROJECT TEAM

Ryan Head, AICP CTP Tom Laws, AICP Shawn Martin, PE PTOE Dyan Bevins, PE Dale Kuperus, PE Christy Little Alexander Crown



AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Jeremy Maxand, Chair Steven Snow, Vice Chair Cheryl Bloom, Secretary Laine Amoureux Betty Chatburn Melainie Hertling Kevin Jernigan Marie "Mel" Leviton Erin Olsen Karel Olsen Alissa Taysom

BICYCLE ADVISORY

CONSULTANT TEAM

Erin David, AICP Jean Crowther, AICP David Wasserman, AICP

COMMITTEE Lisa Brady, Chair Gary Segers, Vice Chair* John Mooney, Secretary Cody Boyce Morgan Cornwall* Brent Jennings Wava Kaufman Greg Laragan* Debbie Lombard-Bloom* Mary Beth Nutting* Jared Ostyn* Nina Schaeffer Andrew Query

PEDESTRIAN ADVISORY GROUP

Cynthia Gibson, Chair Stephen Lewis, Vice Chair* Sarah Taylor, Secretary Chris Danley* Charlie Hill Joe Jaszweski Wava Kaufman* Michael Keith Chris Laraway Matt Vraspri

*Bike and Pedestrian Performance Measure Advisory Sub-Committee Members

THANK YOU TO APA IDAHO



IDAHO DISCOVERED

PLANNING FOR OPPORTUNITY BRACING FOR IMPACT

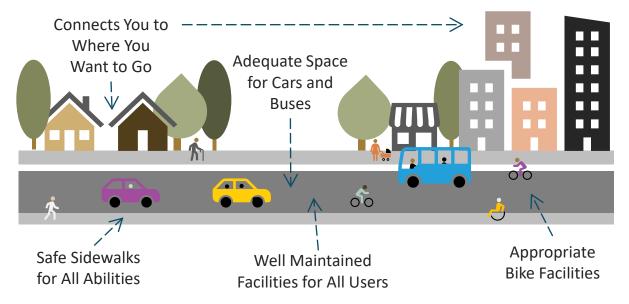
2021 GEM AWARD RECIPIENT

ADA COUNTY HIGHWAY DISTRICT | LIVABLE STREETS PERFORMANCE MEASURES | Page 4

THE WHAT

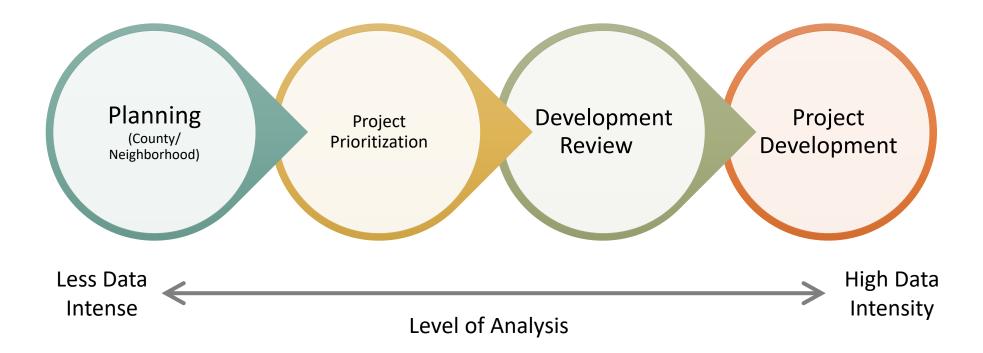
A LIVABLE STREETS Performance Measure is a single rating of the experience for each user group based on identified conditions that exist.

ANATOMY OF A LIVABLE STREET



THE WHAT

SCALABLE ANALYSIS TOOL



THE WHY



ACHD COMMISSION Kent Goldthorpe, President Dave McKinney, Vice-President Jim D. Hansen, Commissioner Mary May, Commissioner Alexis Pickering, Commissioner

ACHD'S COMPLETE STREETS GUIDING PRINCIPLE

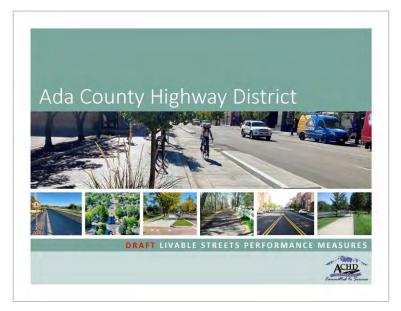
Streets, bridges and transit stops within Ada County should be designed, constructed, operated and maintained so that pedestrians, bicyclists, transit riders, motorists, and people of all ages and abilities can travel safely and independently. (ACHD Policy Manual Section 3110.2)





PROJECT KICK-OFFJanuary 2021INITIAL DRAFTMarch 2021ADOPTION DATEJune 2021

THE GOAL

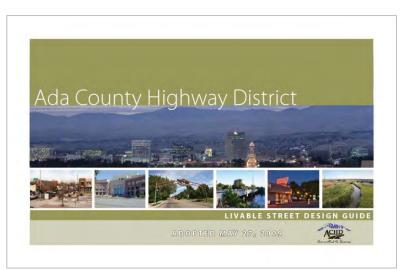




GOAL ACHIEVED

Adopted by Resolution (June 23)

TRANSPORTATION LAND USE INTEGRATION PLAN Complete Streets Policy Cost Share Ordinance Master Street Map Livable Streets Design Guide *NEW* Livable Streets Performance Measures





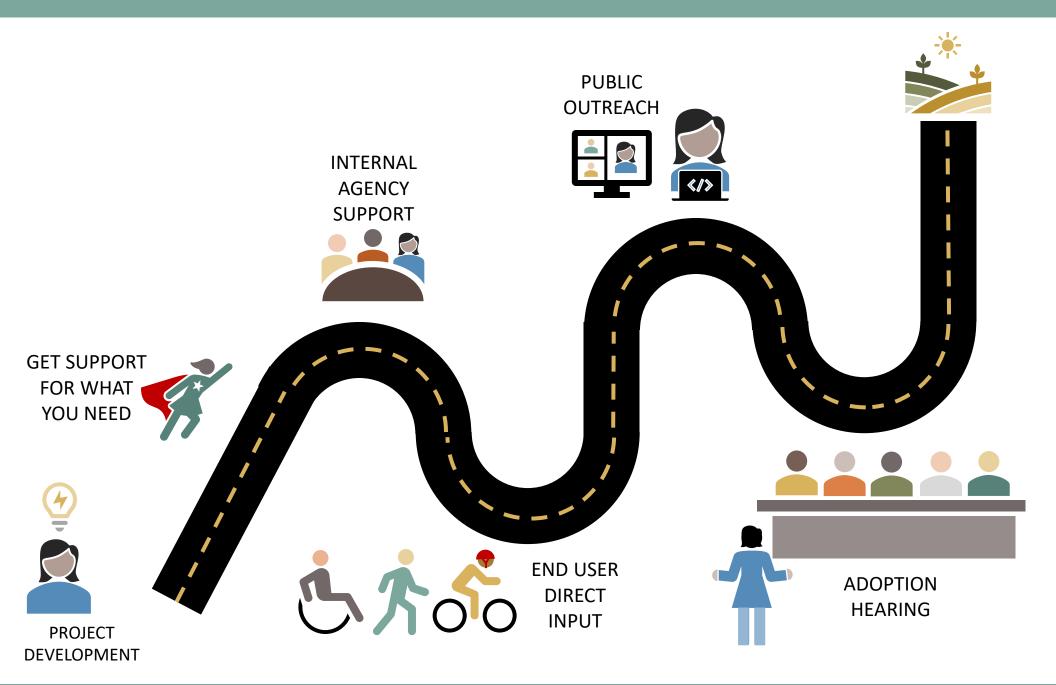
INTERNAL BUY-IN

STAKEHOLDER

NATIONAL EXPERTISE

ADA COUNTY HIGHWAY DISTRICT | LIVABLE STREETS PERFORMANCE MEASURES | Page 21

BRINGING EVERYONE ALONG



SET REALISTIC EXPECTATIONS



ACTUALLY LISTEN

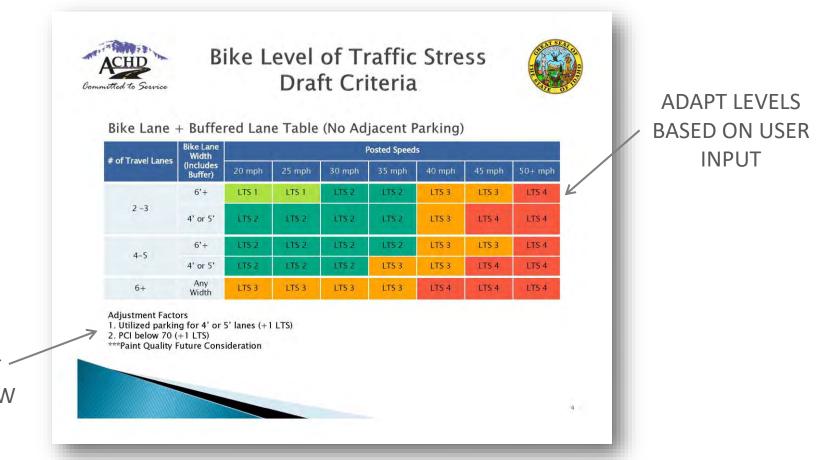
ACHID mitted to Service	Discussi	on Questi	ons
Question	Bike Facility	Intersection	Mid-Block Crossing
1. What features make for a safe biking experience?	Speeds and Volumes, Traffic Calming Presence (Bikeways), Facility Type, Degree of Protection	Facility Width/Pinch Points (Bulbouts at non-all-way stops), Visibility at Intersection (concerns with parking blocking protected lanes)	Big enough bulbouts to keep parking away from crossing, Full signal better than a HAWK
2. What features make for a comfortable biking experience?	Facility Maintenance/ Road Condition, Buffers (even painted) helps, Bus Stops (staging zones bad)	Green paint in crossover of bike lanes and car lanes, two stage crossing does not feel safe	Indicator to ped/bike of what HAWK is doing
3. What design details of the facility impact the biking experience?	Presence of a facility, sharrow placement outside door zone, narrowness better when a facility is present, Wayfinding signage, passing room for vehicles	Dashed lines at intersections?, Floating bike lanes (left of RTL) are concerning, paint continuing through the intersection, bike signals (legal?)	Width, Lighting, Bike push buttons



REVIEW ALTERNATIVES

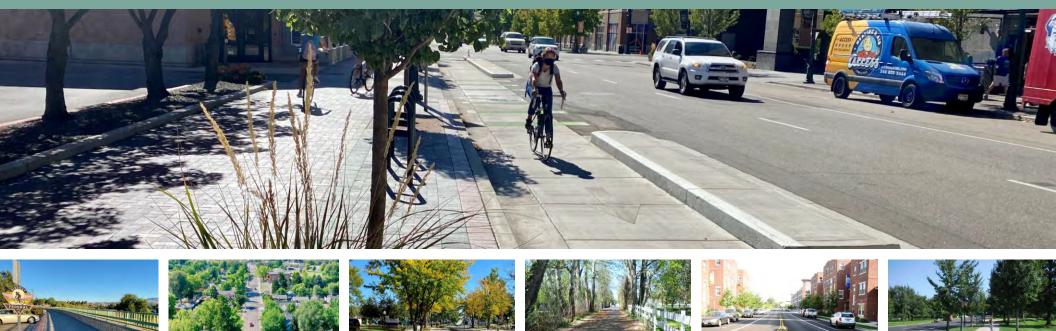
	MODE	BIC	YCLE		PEDESTRIAN		
		BLTS	BLOS	PLTS	PLOS	PEQI	
e e	Network Level Planning	•	•	•	•	•	
Measure Purpose	Corridor Level Design	•	0	•	0	•	
	Prioritization	•	•	•	•	0	
2pa	Comfort	•		•	•	•	
What is measured?	Safety	•	•	•	•	Θ	
What is measure	Intersections	•	Θ	•	Θ	Θ	
er	Flexibility	•	0	•	0	•	
Other Factors	Replicability	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	Θ	Θ	0	

ADJUST FOR LOCAL EXPERIENCE



ADJUSTMENT ~ FACTORS ALLOW FLEXIBILITY

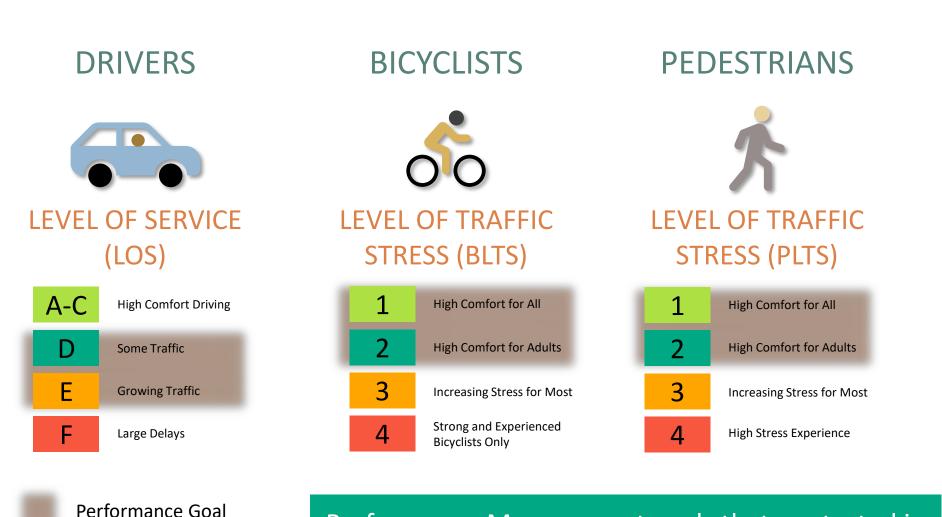
Ada County Highway District



LIVABLE STREETS PERFORMANCE MEASURES



A MEASUREMENT FOR ALL



Performance Measures set goals that are tested in practice. In the built environment, improvement towards the goal is success.

MIXED TRAFFIC

# of Auto	Average Daily	Posted Speed (Actuals When Available)							
Lanes	Traffic	20 mph	25 mph	30 mph	35 mph	40 mph	45 mph	50+ mph	
	0-750	LTS 1	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	
2-Way Street	751-1500	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	
(No Centerline)	1501-3000	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	LTS 4	
	3000+	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	LTS 4	
	0-750	LTS 1	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	
1-3 (With	751-1500	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	
Centerline)	1501-3000	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	LTS 4	
	3000+	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	LTS 4	
4 5	0-8000	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	LTS 4	
4-5	8000+	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4					
6+	Any ADT	LTS 3	LTS 4						

Used in situations where there is no dedicated bike facility, or the dedicated facility is frequently blocked forcing the bicyclist to take the lane.

Adjustment Factors

 Traffic calming features in place on roads with 3 or less lanes – Lower 1 LTS





	ELMER	MIX	ED T	RAF	-IC		NORTH	VIEW	
# of Auto	Average Daily	Posted Speed (Actuals When Available)							
Lanes	Traffic	20 mph	25 mph	30 mph	35 mph	40 mph	45 mph	50+ mph	
	0-750	LTS 1	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	
2-Way Street	751-1500	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	
(No Centerline)	1501-3000	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	LTS 4	
	3000+	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 3	JTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	LTS 4	
	0-750	LTS 1	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	
1-3 (With	751-1500	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	
Centerline)	1501-3000	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	LTS 4	
	3000+	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	LTS 4	
4 5	0-8000	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	LTS 4	
4-5	8000+	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4					
6+	Any ADT	LTS 3	LTS 4						

Used in situations where there is no dedicated bike facility, or the dedicated facility is frequently blocked forcing the bicyclist to take the lane.

Adjustment Factors

 Traffic calming features in place on roads with 3 or less lanes – Lower 1 LTS

BIKE LANES & BUFFERED BIKE LANES

Used in situations where there is a dedicated bike lane with or without a painted buffer. Bike lane width is measured exclusive of the gutter pan.

# =£ A+=	Bike Lane	Posted Speed (Actuals When Available)							
# of Auto Lanes	Width (Includes Buffer)	20 mph	25 mph	30 mph	35 mph	40 mph	45 mph	50+ mph	
	6'+	LTS 1	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	
2 -3	4' or 5'	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	
4-5	6′+	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	
	4' or 5'	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	
6+	Any Width	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	LTS 4	

Adjustment Factors

- Heavily Utilized
 Parking Adjacent to a
 4' or 5' Bike Lane –
 Add 1 LTS
- Roadway Pavement Condition Index Rating Below 70 – Add 1 LTS
- Frequent Commercial Driveway Crossings – Add 1 LTS



ADA COUNTY HIGHWAY DISTRICT | LIVABLE STREETS PERFORMANCE MEASURES | Page 34





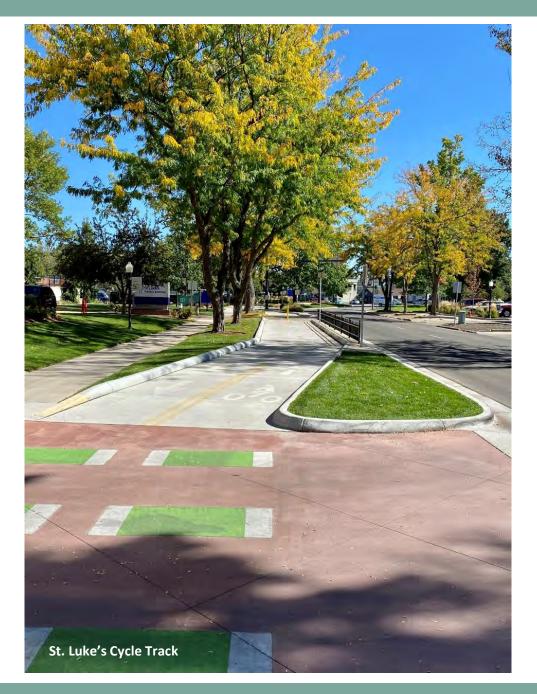
RAISED/PROTECTED LANES AND MULTI-USE PATHS

Used in situations where there are protected bike lanes or multi-use paths. For all segments (between intersections), these would be considered LTS 1.

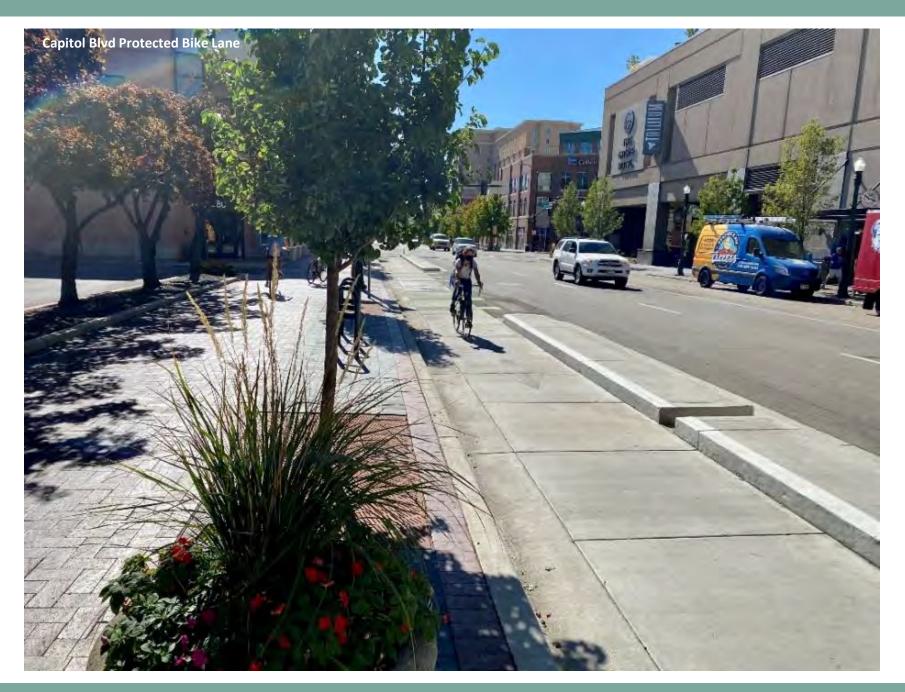
Adjustment Factors

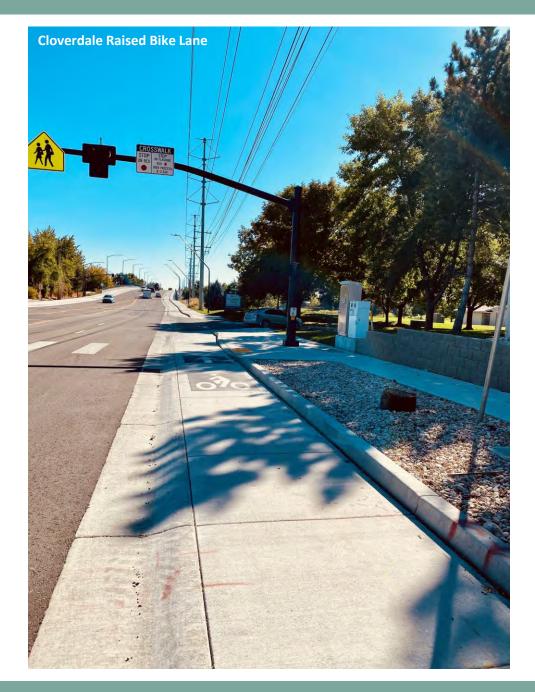
- Raised Bike Lanes At >35 MPH Add 1 LTS
- Frequent Commercial Driveways Add 1 LTS
 - Bike lanes using only candles Add 1 LTS

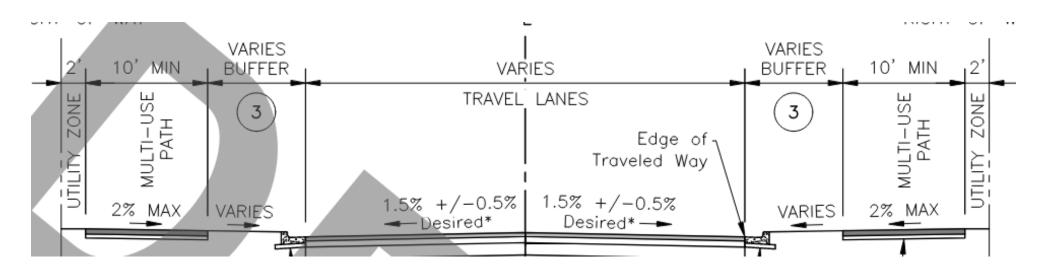






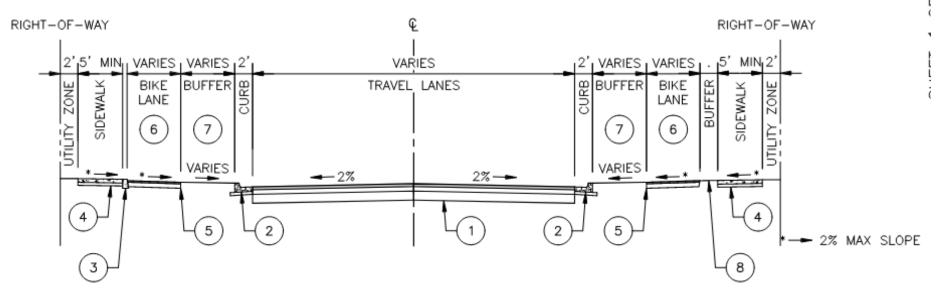






CURB SEPARATED RAISED BIKE LANE

BUFFER SEPARATED RAISED BIKE LANE



UNSIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS

Used in situations where there is no signal. To rank, the highest stress score of any leg would be utilized.

Posted Speed	Total Auto Lanes Crossed					
Posteu speeu	1-3 Lanes	4-5 Lanes	6+ Lanes			
20-25	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 4			
30	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 4			
35	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4			
40+	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4			

Adjustment Factors

- Adding a Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon (RRFB) Lower 1 LTS
- Refuge medians of at least 8' with a vertical element would reduce the total number of lanes crossed at one time to the distance from curb to median.
- Intersections with a Bike Lane and Right Turn Lane Add 1 LTS

A RUN		Total A	uto Lanes (Crossed	
	Posted Speed	1-3 Lanes	4-5 Lanes	6+ Lanes	l Rd W Overland Rd W Overland Rd W Overland Rd
	20-25	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 4	
	30	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 4	
	35	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4	1603
	40+	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	uentes Language



SIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS AND ENHANCED CROSSINGS

Used in situations where there is a signal present. To rank, the highest stress score of any leg would be utilized.

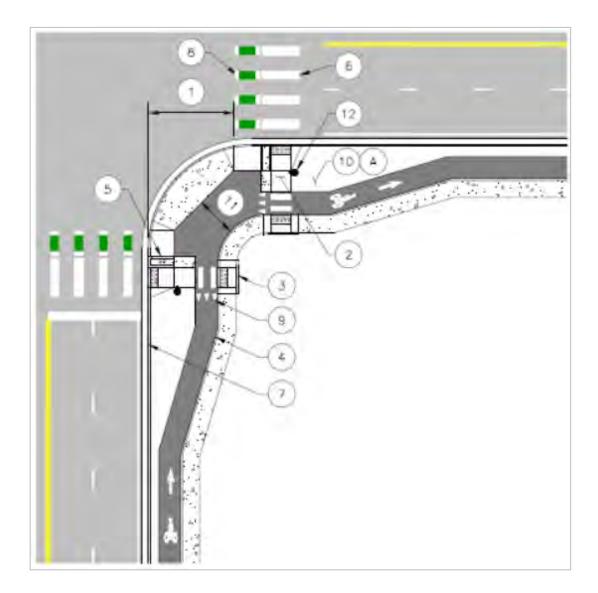
Intersection Features	Total Auto Lanes Crossed At One Time					
Intersection Features	1-3	4-5	6+			
Enhanced Crossing w/ Median Refuge	LTS 1	N/A	N/A			
Protected Intersection or Enhanced Crossing (No Refuge)	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 3			
Floating Bike Lane (Left of RTL)	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 4			
Bike Lane (Right of RTL or Thru- Right Lane)	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4			

Adjustment Factors

 Refuge medians of at least 8' with a vertical element would reduce the total number of lanes crossed at one time to the distance from curb to median.



A MEASUREMENT FOR BICYCLISTS



SIDEWALK PRESENCE

Sidewalk Presence	# of	Posted Speed (Actuals When Available)				
	Travel Lanes	20 mph	25 mph	30 mph	35 mph	40+ mph
Complete Both Sides	2 Lanes	LTS 1	LTS 1	LTS 1	LTS 1	LTS 2
	3+ Lanes	LTS 1	LTS 1	LTS 1	LTS 1	LTS 2
Complete 1 Side	2 Lanes	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3
	3+ Lanes	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4
Incomplete Both Sides	2 Lanes	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4
	3+ Lanes	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 4	LTS 4	LTS 4

Adjustment Factors

- Frequent Commercial Driveways Add 1 LTS
- Low volume residential streets 25 MPH or lower Lower 1 LTS

SIDEWALK BUFFER

Total Travel	Total Buffer Width (Includes Landscaping, Parking, Bike Lanes, etc)				
Lanes	<5′	5'-10'	11'-14'	15'+	
1-2	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 1	LTS 1	
3	LTS 3	LTS 2	LTS 1	LTS 1	
4-5	LTS 4	LTS 3	LTS 2	LTS 1	
6+	LTS 4	LTS 4	LTS 3	LTS 2	

Adjustment Factors

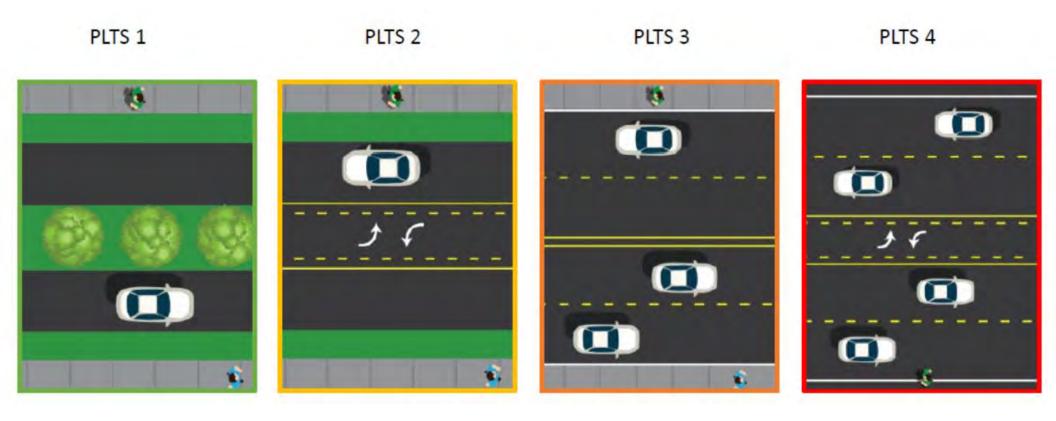
- Low volume residential streets with 1-2 lanes Lower 1 LTS
- Buffers for multi-use paths to be measured at centerline of the pathway.
- Buffers with street trees Lower 1 LTS

SIDEWALK WIDTH AND CONDITION

Actual Sidewalk	Sidewalk Condition			
Width	Very Good	Good	Fair	Poor
<4'	LTS 4	LTS 4	LTS 4	LTS 4
4'	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 3	LTS 4
5′	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 2	LTS 4
6'+	LTS 1	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 3

Adjustment Factors

- Low volume residential streets with 4'-5' sidewalk
 Lower 1 LTS
- 5' detached sidewalk in very good or good condition Lower 1 LTS

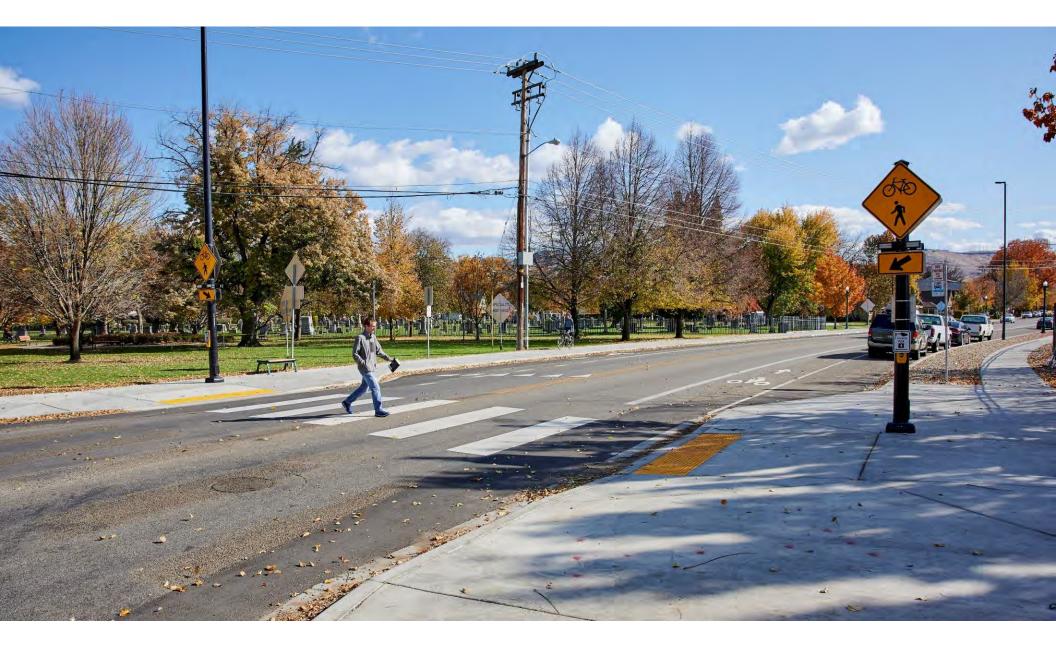


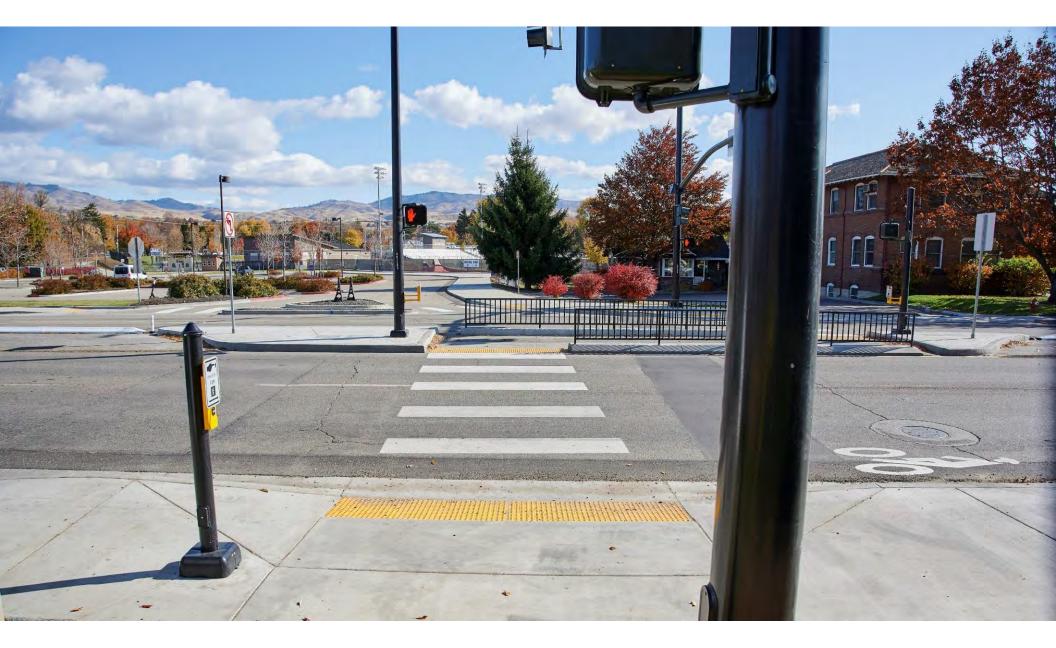
UNSIGNALIZED CROSSINGS

Speed Limit	Total Auto Lanes Crossed At One Time			
Speed Limit	1-3 Lanes	4-5 Lanes	6+ Lanes	
20-25	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 4	
30	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 4	
35	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 4	
40+	LTS 3	LTS 4	LTS 4	

Adjustment Factors

- No illumination present- Add 1 LTS
- Ramps Inaccessible per Inventory Add 1 LTS
- Add a Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon (Median required when over 3 lanes) Lower 1 LTS
- Pedestrian refuge medians of at least 8' with a vertical element would reduce the total number of lanes crossed at one time to the distance from curb to median.



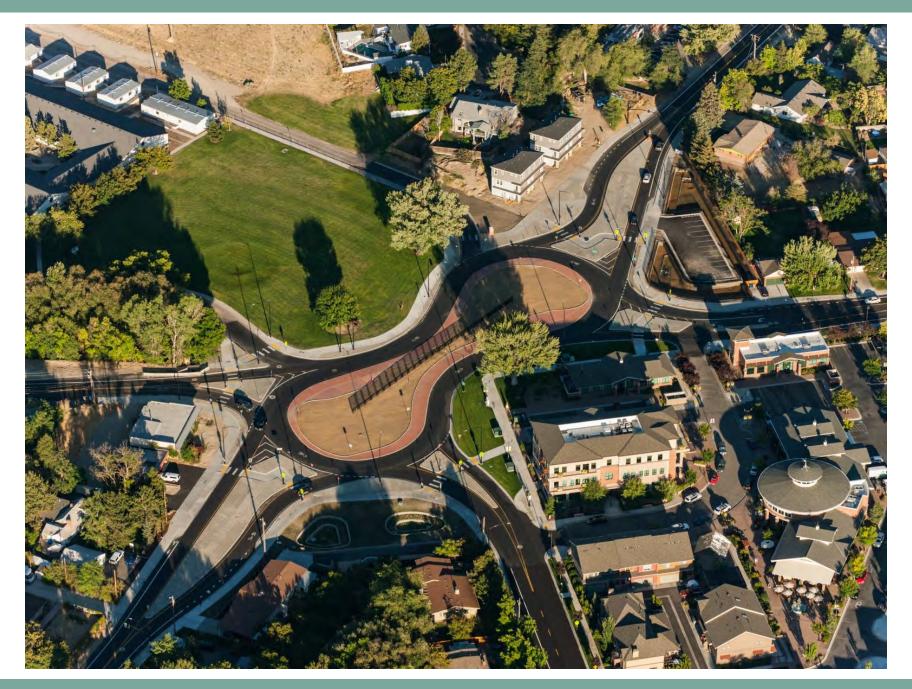


ROUNDABOUTS

Lanes Crossed	LTS w/o Enhanced Crossing	LTS w/ Enhanced Crossing
1	LTS 2	LTS 1
2+	LTS 2	LTS 1

Adjustment Factors

• Slip lane present – Add 1 LTS

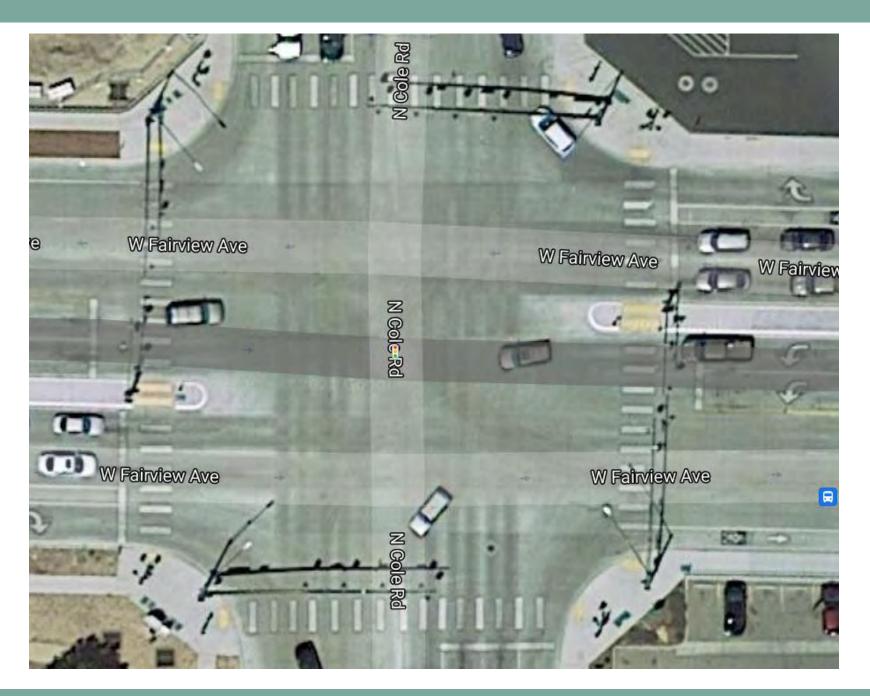


SIGNALIZED INTERSECTIONS AND CROSSINGS

Intersection Features	Total Auto Lanes Crossed At One Time			
	1-3	4-5	6-7	8+
PHB or Ped Signal	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 4	LTS 4
Signalized Intersection	LTS 1	LTS 2	LTS 3	LTS 4

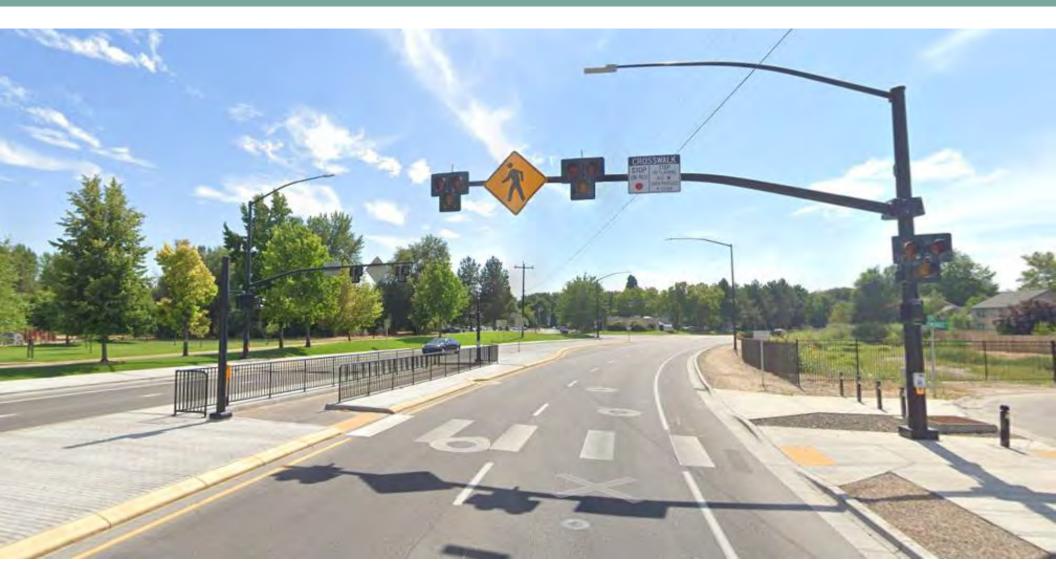
Adjustment Factors

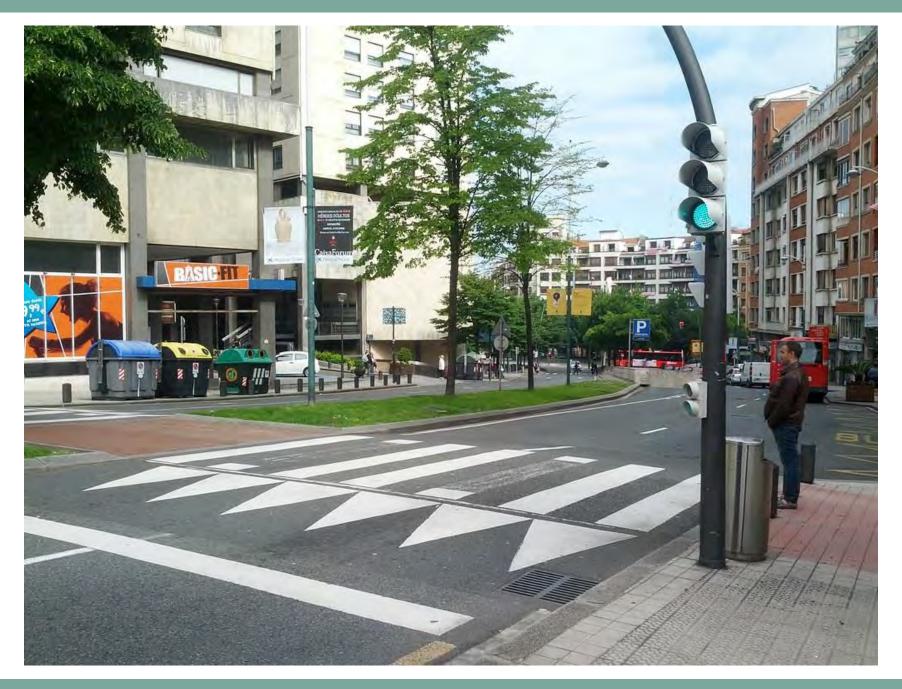
- Ramps and Pushbuttons Inaccessible per Inventory Add 1 LTS
- No Illumination Present Add 1 LTS
- Add Leading Pedestrian Interval Lower 1 LTS
- Pedestrian refuge medians of at least 8' with a vertical element would reduce the total number of lanes crossed at one time to the distance from curb to median.
- Frequency of signalized crossing opportunities should be considered during project design.





ADA COUNTY HIGHWAY DISTRICT | LIVABLE STREETS PERFORMANCE MEASURES | Page 58





IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY

ONGOING EFFORTS

Moving the LIVABLE STREETS PERFORMANCE MEASURES from idea into everyday practice is a key part of the success of this effort. Many activities are already underway. The list here is a summary of current and proposed actions being taken to fully embrace the measures set forth in this document. The identified responsible department and timeline is a guide to encourage ongoing effort to implement these measures.

In all things, ACHD is committed to its Complete Streets policy and seeking to meet the desired performance levels identified here.



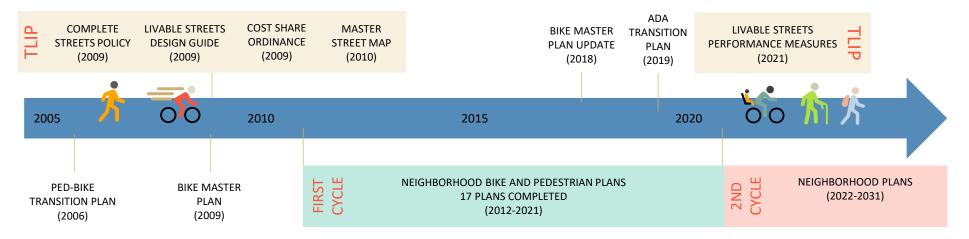
EFFORT DESCRIPTION	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT
Expand the scope of roadway maintenance projects to include a comprehensive improvement for all users.	Planning
Establish multi-use paths and raised or protected bike lanes as the standard bike facility treatment on arterial roadways.	Planning
Select and acquire sweeper equipment for use in protected bike lanes.	Maintenance
Development typical drawings reflecting best practices for raised bike lanes and multi- use paths (including at driveways and intersections).	Design
Establish an interim policy for the construction of temporary multi-use paths along arterial roadways with development.	Development Services
Hire a Bicyclist and Pedestrian Program Coordinator to facilitate implementation.	Planning

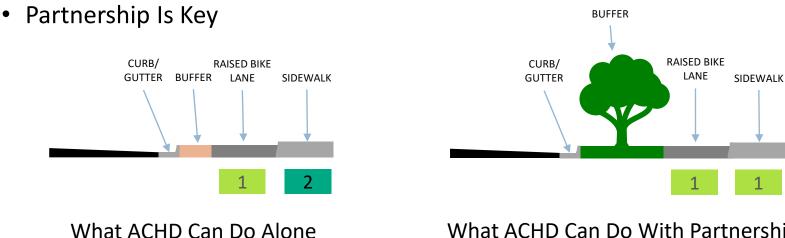
NEW EFFORTS

EFFORT DESCRIPTION	RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT	TIMELINE
Hold training for all project team members on new metrics.	Planning	Summer 2021
Develop projects that meet desired performance levels during project scoping. Document if not able to meet.	Planning	Summer 2021
Review current design efforts to determine if projects will meet desired LTS upon construction. Revise as feasible.	Capital Projects	Summer 2021
Establish comprehensive project prioritization process to be used across all categories and modes for the IFYWP.	Planning	Fall 2021
Review Sections 7100 and 7200 for modifications to bring development review in alignment with new measures.	Development Services	Winter 2022
Review and adjust other ACHD policies as identified that support implementing Livable Streets.	All	Ongoing

IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS

- Transition Period •
- **Evolving Practice for Active Transportation** ٠





What ACHD Can Do With Partnership



QUESTIONS?